

Te Whare Wānanga o Tāmaki Makaurau

## University of Auckland IPv6 deployment

Prof Brian E Carpenter Department of Computer Science John Dhliwayo Warwick Dixon IT Services August 2009

#### Who are we?

- Our business is world-class education and research.
- Our catchment area for students is the world\*, with an emphasis on the developing economies of the Pacific region.
- Our catchment area for research partners is the world.

\*including NZ, of course

# Why deploy IPv6?

- We can't afford to be behind the leading edge in what we teach or how we do research
- As IPv6 usage becomes unavoidable in our target market, we must
  - Teach our students about IPv6, by using IPv6
  - Ensure that potential students in our entire catchment area can reach us using IPv6
  - Ensure that we can work with research and academic partners who use IPv6

Steps

- Skills acquisition for central IT staff
- Verify firewall readiness
- Arrange ISP transit for IPv6
- Enable dual-stack routing centrally
- Enable local dual-stack routing and DNS for Computer Science
  - about 1000 desktops in Computer Science labs & offices
  - able to use IPv6 for teaching, research
- Enable dual-stack Computer Science servers
- Address management tool with DNS & DHCPv6 support
- Ensure all management, security & accounting tools support IPv6
- Validate all applications on campus for IPv6 support
- Plan stepwise rollout across all departments
- Plan dual-stack version of main Uni web site



### Costs and challenges

- Cost to date is estimated at <1% of IT budget
- Challenges:
  - Skills acquisition, Network team getting to grips with it
  - Commercial ISP support
  - IP Addressing Management tool
  - DHCPv6 support

## UoA IPv6 - technical (1)

- Allocated portable 2001:0df0::/47 by APNIC
  not using KAREN address space
- Advertising 2001:0df0::/48
- Reserved 2001:0df0:1::/48 for future use
- /48 divided into 16 /52 zones (network eng, data centre, VOIP, campus sectors, etc)
- Longer prefixes used in each zone
- Initial 6 zones to be used for whole network

- keep lots of spare for future usage

## UoA IPv6 - technical (2)

- BGP Peering with KAREN and Telstra
- Full IPv6 routing table from KAREN (~1335 routes)
- Default route to Telstra
- Open BSD IPv6 firewall
- Dual stack internal network OSPFv2/OSPFv3
- IPv6 enabled border, core, ITS and Computer Science
- Stateless Address Autoconfiguration for user subnets

– DHCPv6 later